2023-2024 Common Data Set Template

The Common Data Set (CDS) initiative is a collaborative effort among data providers in the higher education community and publishers as represented by the College Board, Peterson's, and U.S. News & World Report. The combined goal of this collaboration is to improve the quality and accuracy of information provided to all involved in a student's transition into higher education, as well as to reduce

Notes on template usage:

- 1. Tab and enter may work differently based on the operating system and Excel version of the user. Please use caution to not skip any data entry fields.
- 2. Several questions use dropdown lists. Please click into the cell for the dropdown area to show on the
- 3. This file is unlocked and may be adjusted as needed. The mutli-select questions and dropdown questions use validations in separate tabs listed below.
- 4. Please contact the College Board with any questions about this template:

collegesurvey@collegeboard.org

A. General Information

A0. Respondent Information (not for publication)

First Name: Last Name: Crooker Title: Vice Provost for Decision Support Office: Office of Decision Support Address: 4505 S. Maryland Pkwy, Box 1022 City: Las Vegas State: Nevada Zip: 89154 Country: **United States** Phone Number: 702-895-3772 Extension: **Email Address:** john.crooker@unlv.edu

Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's website? *(click to select from dropdown)*Yes

If yes, please provide a direct link to the posted CDS responses:

https://ir.unlv.edu/IAPold/Reports/Content/CDS+Archive.aspx

A0A. Comments About CDS (not for publication)

We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.

Enter comments			
about CDS here:			

A1. Address Information

Please enter general institution information below:

Name of College or University

Street Address:

City:

Las Vegas

State:

Nevada

Zip:

Country:

University of Nevada, Las Vegas

4505 S. Maryland Pkwy

Las Vegas

Nevada

89154

United States

Main Institution Phone Number:
Main Institution Website:
Main Institution Email:

702-895-3011 <u>www.unlv.edu</u>

Please enter Admissions Office information below:	
Street Address:	4505 S. Maryland Pkwy, Box 451021
City:	Las Vegas
State:	Nevada
Zip:	89154
Country:	United States
Admissions Phone Number:	702-774-8658
Admissions Toll-free Number:	N/A
Admissions Website:	https://www.unlv.edu/admissions
Admissions Email Address:	admissions@unlv.edu
Is there a separate URL for your school's	s online application? If yes, please specify:
If you have a mailing address other thar provide:	n the one listed above to which applications should be sent, please
A2. Source of Institutional Control: (clic	ek to select from dropdown)
	Public
A3. Classify your undergraduate institu	ition: (click to select from dropdown)
	Coeducational
A4. Academic year calendar: (click to se	elect from dropdown)
	Semester
A4A. Describe if calendar differs by program or other:	

☑ Master's Certificate ☑ Post-Master's certificate Diploma Doctoral degree - research/scholarship Associate ☑ Doctoral degree - professional practice Terminal $\ \square$ Doctoral degree - other Transfer Bachelor's ☑ Post-Bachelor's certificate A6. Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion If you have a diversity, equity, and inclusion office or department, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: https://www.unlv.edu/diversity

END OF SECTION A

A5. Degrees offered by your institution (select all that apply).

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of <u>October 15, 2023</u>.

- 1. Report students formaly designated as "first professional" in the graduate counts.
- 2. If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category. In cases where gender information is not provided, please distribute across the two binary categories.

For more information on how to report study abroad students, please see NCES.GOV documentation.

	M	en	Women		Another Gender	
	Full Time Enrollment	Part Time Enrollment	Full Time Enrollment	Part Time Enrollment	Full Time Enrollment	Part Time Enrollment
			UNDERGRADU	ATE STUDENTS		
Degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students	1,784	41	2,296	42	13	
Other first-year, degree-seeking students	133	3	260	11		
All other degree-seeking undergraduate students	6,716	2,011	8,523	2,285	8	5
Total degree-seeking undergraduate students	8,633	2,055	11,079	2,338	21	5
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	18	605	40	983	1	17
Total Undergraduate Students	8,651	2,660	11,119	3,321	22	22
Total part-time undergraduate de			ng students	4,398		

Total part-time undergraduate degree-seeking students

Total full-time undergraduate degree-seeking students

19,733

Total of all undergraduate degree-seeking students

24,131

Total of all undergraduate students enrolled

25,795

	M	en	Women		Another Gender	
	Full Time Enrollment	Part Time Enrollment	Full Time Enrollment	Part Time Enrollment	Full Time Enrollment	Part Time Enrollment
			GRADUATE	STUDENTS		
Degree-seeking, first-time	291	175	437	281	0	
All other degree-seeking	945	652	1,436	891	7	
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	15	49	25	94	0	
Total Graduate Students	1,251	876	1,898	1,266	7	0.0

Total part-time graduate degree-seeking students	1,999
Total full-time graduate degree-seeking students	3,116
Total of all graduate degree-seeking students	5,115
Total of all graduate students enrolled	5,298

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2023.

- 1. Include international students only in the category "Nonresidents."
- 2. Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.
- 3. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."
- 4. New guidance from IPEDS for reporting aggregate data: "Racial/ethnic designations are requested only for United States citizens, residents, and other eligible non-citizens. Eligible non-citizens include all students who completed high school or a GED equivalency within the United States (including DACA and undocumented students) and who were not on an F-1 non-immigrant student visa at the time of high school graduation."
- 5. More information about other eligible (for financial aid purposes) non-citizens is available at https://studentaid.gov/understandaid/eligibility/requirements/non-us-citizens.
- 6. Nonresident A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a student visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely. Do not include DACA, undocumented, or other eligible noncitizens in this category. Nonresidents are to be reported separately, in the boxes provided, rather than included in any of the seven racial/ethnic categories or in race/ethnicity unknown.

	Degree-seeking, First-time, First-year	Underg (include firs	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time, first- year)		rgraduates -seeking and e-seeking)
International (nonresidents)	61		408		446
Hispanic/Latino	1,734]	8,510		9,074
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	433]	2,196		2,332
White, non-Hispanic	774		5,434		5,850
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	9		65		73
Asian, non-Hispanic	737]	3,807		3,997
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	39		185		195
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	761		3,412		3,631
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	35		114		197
Total	4,583		24,131		25,795

B3. Persistence / Degrees

Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2022, to June 30, 2023.

Certificate/Diploma	31	Associate's Degrees 0	
Bachelor's Degrees	4,719	Post-Bachelor's Degrees 73	
Master's Degrees	1,227	Post-Master's Degrees 13	
Doctoral degree - research/scholarship	250	Doctoral degree - professional practice 283	
Doctoral degree - other	0		

B4 - B21. Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation

For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2023-2024 Survey. https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/9/graduation-rates

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2016 and Fall 2017 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- · Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsized loan status)
- * Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

2017 COHORT (AY 7) For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs: Please provide data for the Fall 2017 cohort if available. If Fall 2017 cohort data are not available, Students Recipients of provide data for the Fall 2016 cohort. who did not a Subsidized receive Recipients Stafford either a Pell of a Federal Loan, who Total Grant or a **Pell Grant** did not subsidized receive a Pell Stafford Grant Loan **A. Initial 2017 cohort** of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) 1,759 400 1,890 4,049 degree-seeking undergraduate students B. Of the Initial 2017 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for any of the following reasons: (report total allowable exclusions) - Deceased 1 0 4 5 - Armed Forces - Official church mission - Permanently Disabled - Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government C. Final 2017 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions 1,758 400 1,886 4,044 D. Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in 368 79 578 1,025 four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2021)? E. Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and 315 330 711 66 by Aug. 31, 2022)? F. Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2022 and 132 31 129 292 by Aug. 31, 2023)? G. Total graduating within six years 176 815 1,037 2,028 (Sum of D., E., and F.) H. Six-year graduation rate for 2017 cohort 46% 44% 55% 50% (G. divided by C.)

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs: Please provide data for the Fall 2016 COHORT (AY 8) 2017 cohort if available. If Fall 2017 cohort data are not available, Students Recipients of provide data for the Fall 2016 cohort. who did not a Subsidized receive Recipients Stafford either a Pell of a Federal Loan, who Total Grant or a **Pell Grant** did not subsidized receive a Pell Stafford Grant Loan A. Initial 2016 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students 0.0 B. Of the Initial 2016 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for any of the following reasons: (report total allowable exclusions) 0.0 - Deceased -Permanently Disabled Armed Forces - Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government C. Final 2016 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 D. Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in 0.0 four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2020)? E. Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in

0.0

0.0

0.0

#DIV/0!

Two-Year Institutions - Graduation, Completion Counts

H. Six-year graduation rate for 2016 cohort

G. Total graduating within six years

(Sum of D., E., and F.)

(G. divided by C.)

0.0

#DIV/0!

0.0

#DIV/0!

0.0

#DIV/0!

more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2020 and

F. Of the initial 2016 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and

by Aug. 31, 2021)?

by Aug. 31, 2022)?

Please provide data for the 2020 cohort if available. If 2020 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2019 cohort.	2020 Cohort	2019 Cohort
B12. Initial cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:		
B13. Of the initial cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for any of the following reasons: (report total allowable exclusions) - Deceased -Permanently Disabled - Armed Forces - Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government - Official church missions		
B14. Final cohort , after adjusting for allowable exclusions:	0.0	0.0
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):		

B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

B22. Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2022 (or the preceding summer term).

The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons:

- *Death
- *Permanent Disability
- *Service in the armed forces
- *Foreign aid service of the federal government
- *Official church missions
- *No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as first-year students in Fall 2022 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2023.

Total students retained = students from the Fall 2022 cohort who are still enrolled as of Fall 2023 + students from Fall 2022 cohort who completed their bachelor's program as of Fall 2023

(Students from the Fall 2022 cohort still enrolled as of Fall 2023 + Students from Fall 2022 cohort who completed their bachelor's program as of Fall 2023)/(Adjusted Fall 2022 cohort) *100

Note: The number of first-time students seeking a bachelor's degree (or equivalent) who attain a bachelor's degree (or equivalent) by their second fall term is expected to be zero or very small. In exceptional cases when a first-time student does satisfy all degree requirements including full credit completion (e.g., typically 120 credit hours) and is awarded a bachelor's degree (or equivalent) by their second fall term, they are to be considered "retained" for EF reporting purposes.

Enter retention rate:	78%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR ADMISSION

C1. Applications: First-time, First-year Students

Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2023.

- Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort.
- Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
- Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.
- Since the total may include students who did not provide gender data, the detail need not sum to the total.
- If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.
- Note that recent high school graduates and other students without prior postsecondary experience will still be considered "first-time students" for fall enrollment reporting purposes even if they enrolled in the summer prior to fall enrollment.

	Men	Women	Another Gender
Total first-time, first-year students who applied in Fall 2023	5,715	7,981	23
Total first-time, first-year students admitted in Fall 2023	4,787	6,967	20
Total first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2023	1,969	2,614	
Full-time , first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2023	1,925	2,561	
Don't time first time first year students annulled in Fall 2022	,	,	
Part-time, first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2023	44	53	

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	In-State	Out-of-State	International	Total
Total first-time, first-year (degree seeking) who applied	7,563	5,845	303	13,711
Total first-time, first-year (degree seeking) who were admitted	6,915	4,582	261	11,758.0
Total first-time, first-year (degree seeking) enrolled	3,978	571	34	4,583.0

C2. Applications: First-time, First-year Wait-Listed Students

Students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was co	ntingent on spac	e availablity.
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Select from the dropdown menu.	No	
If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2023 admissions:		
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list:		İ
Number accepting a place on the waiting list:		ı
Number of wait-listed students admitted:		
Is your waiting list ranked?		ı
If yes, do you release that information to students?		İ

If yes, do you release that information to school counselors?

C3. Admission Requirements: High School Con	ipietion Requiremen	π	
Does your institution require high school completion for degree-	seeking entering students?	Select from drop	odown.
High school diploma is required and GED is accepted			
C4. Admission Requirements: General College-	Prepatory Program		
on the state of th	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Does your institution require OR recommend a general college-p	reparatory program for de	gree-seeking stud	lents? Select from dropdown
Recommend			
C5. Admission Requirements: High School Units Requirements	red/Recommended		
Specify the distribution of academic high school course unites rec	guired and/or recommend	of all or most dea	gree-seeking students using
Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalen			-
			· ·
	Units	Units	
	Required	Recommended	
Total Academic Units	13		
English	4		
Mathematics	3		_
Science	3		
of Science Units, how many units must be lab	2		
Foreign language			
Social Studies			
History			
Computer Science			
Visual/Performing Arts			_
Academic Electives			
Other Elective Units required (please specify):	3 Social Science	e	
Other Elective Units recommended (please specify):			
C6. Basis for Selection: Open Admission Policy			
Doos your institution have an open admission nation, and as which	h virtually all cacandar : ==	and graduates	
Does your institution have an open admission policy, under which		-	
or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without	~	u, test scores, or	
other qualifications? Select the most applicable response from th	е игориожи орноиз.		
If "Other" is selected, please include detail in the textbox below:			

C7. Basis for Selection: Relative Importance of Factors in Admission Decisions

Please indicate the relative importance of each of the following academic and non-academic factors in your first-time, first-year degree-seeking general admission decisions (not including programs with specific criteria): select from the dropdown menus.

ACADEMIC		
Rigor of secondary school record	Very Important	
Class rank	Not Considered	
Academic Grade Point Average (GPA)	Very Important	
Recommendations	Not Considered	
Standardized test scores	Very Important	
Application essay	Not Considered	
NONACADEMIC		
Interview	Not Considered	
Extracurriculuar activities	Not Considered	
Talent/ability	Not Considered	
Character/personal qualities	Not Considered	
First generation	Not Considered	
Alumni/ae relation	Not Considered	
Geographical residence	Not Considered	
State residency	Not Considered	
Religious affilitation/commitment	Not Considered	
Volunteer work	Not Considered	
Work experience	Not Considered	
Level of applicant's interest	Not Considered	
C8. SAT and ACT Policies		
Does your institution make use of SAT or ACT scores in admissions d	ecisions for first-time, first-	Yes
year, degree-seeking applicants?		. 55
If yes, please select the appropriate response from the dropdown menus for each possible option below for admission for Fall 2025.		
SAT and/or ACT		
Required to be considered for admission]	
	_	
ACT Only	7	
]	
SAT Only	7	
	J	
Does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?	Yes	
What is the latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall- Please use the following format: MM/DD/YYYY	-term admission?	N/A

	e to differences by academic program, student a	tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required leademic background, or if other examinations may be considered in
Please indicate which (e.g. state tests):	tests your institution uses for placement	
☑ SAT	☑ CLEP	
☑ ACT	☑ Institutional Exam	
☑ AP	☐ State Exam	
If you selected State E	Exam, please specify:	
		(6.7 (6.7)

C9. First-time, first-year profile: National standardized test scores (SAT/ACT)

Provide information for all enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2023, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresidents, and students admitted under special arrangements.

Report the percent and number of first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2023 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores.

- 1. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted test scores.
- 2. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other
- 3. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.
- 4. If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example: If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other). If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

	Percent	Number
Submitting SAT Scores	11%	482
Submitting ACT Scores	67%	3,011

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the first-time, first-year population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment
SAT Composite (400 - 1600)
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (200 - 800)
SAT Math (200 - 800)
ACT Composite (0 - 36)
ACT Math (0 - 36)
ACT English (0 - 36)
ACT Reading (0 - 36)
ACT Science (0 - 36)
ACT Writing (0 - 36)

25th Percentile Score	50th Percentile Score (not used in	75th Percentile Score
870	1050	1180
500	560	620
480	540	610
18	21	24
17	21	24
16	19	24

Percent of first-time, first-year students with scores in each range:

Sum of each column should equal 100%.

Score Range	SAT Evidence- Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math
700-800	5.4%	7.3%
600-699	31.7%	23.2%
500-599	39.3%	39.6%
400-499	21.8%	23.7%
300-399	1.6%	6.2%
200-299	0.0%	0.0%
Total	100%	100%

Caara Danga	SAT
Score Range	Composite
1400-1600	4.9%
1200-1399	25.8%
1000-1199	42.8%
800-999	24.9%
600-799	1.6%
400-599	0.0%
Total	100%

Score Range	ACT
Score Range	Composite
30 - 36	5.1%
24 - 29	25.7%
18 - 23	46.6%
12 - 17	22.3%
6 - 11	0.3%
Below 6	0.0%
Total	100%

Score Range	ACT English	ACT Math	ACT Reading	ACT Science
30 - 36	7.4%	3.7%		
24 - 29	22.7%	24.0%		
18 - 23	41.2%	32.3%		
12 - 17	24.6%	39.5%		
6 - 11	4.1%	0.5%		
Below 6	0.0%	0.0%		
Total	100%	100%	0%	0%

C10. Class Rank Ranges

Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Class Rank Range	Percent	
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	20.6%	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	47.9%	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	79.3%	Top half and bottom half
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	20.7%	should = 100%.
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	4.9%	
Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school class rank	78.3%	

C11. High School Grade Point Ranges

Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale).

- 1. Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.
- 2. If you are able to report GPA ranges separately for students that also submitted at least one test score versus those who did not submit a test score, please do so in the respective columns. If you are unable to report these data, please report the ranges for all students.

Score Range	Percent of students who submitted scores	Percent of students who did not submit scores	Percent of all enrolled students
Percent who had GPA of 4.0	3.7%		
Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99	23.4%		
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	20.3%		
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	19.7%		
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	16.3%		
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	13.6%		
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	2.6%		
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.3%		
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.3%		-
Tota	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Percent of all enrolled students was previously collected. Reporting by submitted test score is new. If available, please report all three segments of students.

C12. Average High School GPA

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted GPA:	3.4
Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school GPA:	98.0%

C13. Application Fee

If y	es your institution have an application fee? our institution has waived its application fee for the Fall 2025 olication cycle, please select no.	Yes	
	If yes, what is the amount of the application fee:	\$60 for demestic, \$95 for inte	rnational
	If yes, can the fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes	
	If you have an application fee, and have an online application option, please indicate the policy for students who apply online:	Same Fee	
	If you have an application fee for online applications, can the fee be	Yes	

C14. Application Closing Date	
Does your institution have an application closing date?	Yes
If yes, please enter the dates below: Please use the following format: (MM/DD)	
Application Closing Date (Fall) Priority Date	
C15. First-time, first-year student acceptance other than Fall	
Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the Fall?	Yes
C16. Admissions Notification to Applicants	
Are notifications to applicants of admission decision sent on a rolling basis?	Yes
What date do rolling notifications begin? (MM/DD)	8/1
If notifications of admission decision are sent by specific date, please enter	date: (MM/DD)
C17. Reply Policy for Applicants	
What is your institution's reply policy for admitted applicants? (select from	dropdown menu and related follow-up textbox)
No set date]
If you selected reply by May 1st or within a set number of weeks, please en	ter number of weeks:
If you selected specific date, please enter the date here: (MM/DD)	
Please provide admitted applicant policy, if none of the above policies apply	y to your institution:
Deadline for housing deposits: (MM/DD)	7/1
Amount of housing deposit:	\$125

No

Are housing deposits refundable if student does not enroll?

C18. Deferred Admission	
Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	Yes
If yes, what is the maximum period of postponement?	
1 year	
C19. Early Admissions	
Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year students one year or more before high school graduation?	Yes
C20. Common Application (Questions Removed from CDS.)	
C21. Early Decision	
Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students	
to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year applicants for fall enrollment?	No
If yes, please complete the following applicable dates:	
First or only early decision plan closing date:	
First or only early decision plan notification date:]
Other early decision plan closing date:	7
Other early decision plan closing date: Other early decision plan notification date:	1
	_
For the Fall 2023 entering class:	٦
Number of early decision applications received by your institution: Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan:	1
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	
The state of the s	
C22. Early Action	
Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	No
If yes, please complete the following: (MM/DD)	
Early action closing date:]
Early action notification date:]
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?]
For the Fall 2023 entering class:	
Number of early action applications received by your institution:	
Number of applicants admitted under early action plan:	1
Number of applicants enrolled under early action plan:	
END OF SECTION C	

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

D1. Fall Applicants: Transfer Student Enrollment

Yes

If NO - Skip to CDS Section E.

If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?

Yes

D2. Fall Applicants: Student Counts

Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2023. If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	1702	1292	980
Women	2304	1728	1343
Another Gender	5	2	0
Total	4011	3022	2323

D3. Enrollment Terms

☐ Winter

Please indicate which terms	for which transfer students may enroll: (select all that apply)	
☑ Fall	☑ Spring	

☑ Summer

D4. Transfer Applicants Minimum Credits

Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits/courses completed or else must apply as an entering first-year student?

No

If yes, what is the minimum number and the unit type?

Number:	24	Unit Type:	Credit(s)

D5. Requirements for Admission

Please indicate if the below items are required, recommended, or not of transfer students to apply for admission: Select from the dropdown menu.

High school transcript
College transcript(s)
Essay or personal statement
Interview
Standardardized test scores
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)

Required of Some			
Required of All			
Not Required			
Not Required			
Required of Some			
Not Required			

D6 Minim	um High Sch	ool GBA Pa	aguirod		
	_		-	ransfer applic	ants, specificy (on a 4.0) scale:
		C	GPA Required:	3.0]
	um College G college grade poi	-		sfer applicants	s, specificy (on a 4.0) scale:
			GPA Required:]
D8. List an	y other appli	ication requ	uirements s	specific to	transfer applicants: Transfer students must submit offical
					transfer students must submit offical transcripts for all current and previously
					attended institutions.
		_			
	ation Specifi				
					transfer students. If applications are reviewed
Use MM/DD for	us or rolling basis, ormat	, place a crieck	illark ill tile Ki	Ulling Authosi	on column.
OSC WINNING DE JO	ormat.				
	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	Priority Date	Closing Date		Reply Date 8/20	Rolling Admission ☑ Fall Rolling Admission
Winter	11/1	7/1	Date Rolling	8/20	☐ Fall Rolling Admission
Winter Spring	11/1 NA	7/1	Date Rolling Rolling	8/20 1/15	_ ¬
Winter	11/1	7/1	Date Rolling	8/20	☐ Fall Rolling Admission
Winter Spring	11/1 NA	7/1	Date Rolling Rolling	8/20 1/15	☐ Fall Rolling Admission☐ Winter Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer	11/1 NA NA	7/1 12/1 NA	Date Rolling Rolling	8/20 1/15	☑ Fall Rolling Admission☑ Winter Rolling Admission☑ Spring Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer	11/1 NA	7/1 12/1 NA	Date Rolling Rolling	8/20 1/15	☑ Fall Rolling Admission☑ Winter Rolling Admission☑ Spring Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer	NA NA NA Admission I admission policy,	7/1 12/1 NA	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15	☑ Fall Rolling Admission☑ Winter Rolling Admission☑ Spring Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude	NA NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts?	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, ap	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15 NA	☑ Fall Rolling Admission☑ Winter Rolling Admission☑ Spring Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude D11. Addit	NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts?	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, ap	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15 NA	☐ Fall Rolling Admission ☐ Winter Rolling Admission ☐ Spring Rolling Admission ☐ Summer Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude D11. Addit	NA NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts?	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, ap	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15 NA	☐ Fall Rolling Admission ☐ Winter Rolling Admission ☐ Spring Rolling Admission ☐ Summer Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude D11. Addit	NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts?	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, ap	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15 NA	☐ Fall Rolling Admission ☐ Winter Rolling Admission ☐ Spring Rolling Admission ☐ Summer Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude D11. Addit	NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts?	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, ap	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15 NA	☐ Fall Rolling Admission ☐ Winter Rolling Admission ☐ Spring Rolling Admission ☐ Summer Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude D11. Addit Please describ	NA NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts? Cional Require e any additional r	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, appeared to the control of the co	Rolling Rolling NA	8/20 1/15 NA No dents, if applic	☐ Fall Rolling Admission ☐ Winter Rolling Admission ☐ Spring Rolling Admission ☐ Summer Rolling Admission
Winter Spring Summer D10. Open Does an open transfer stude D11. Addit Please describ	NA NA Admission I admission policy, nts?	7/1 12/1 NA Policy if reported, appenents requirements for	Rolling Rolling NA pply to Transfer Ci	8/20 1/15 NA No dents, if applic	☐ Fall Rolling Admission ☐ Winter Rolling Admission ☐ Spring Rolling Admission ☐ Summer Rolling Admission ☐ able:

D13. Maximum Credits Transferred to two-year institutions
Report the maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:

Number:	Unit Type:	

	maximum Gredits Transferred maximum number of credits or cour	•			
Number:	Unit Type:				
	nimum Credits to Earn Assominimum number of credits that tra	_	plete at your institution to earn an associate degree:		
Number:	ımber:				
	nimum Credits to Earn Back minimum number of credits that tra	•	plete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:		
	ner Credit Policies ribe any other transfer credit policie	s:			
	itary/Veteran Transfer Cred nstitution accept the following milita		its: (select all that apply)		
✓	American Council on Education	n (ACE)	DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)		
✓	College Level Examination Pro	gram (CLEP)			
Report the	ximum Credits Transferred maximum number of credits or cour Education (ACE): Number:		ed based on military education evaluated by the American		
Report the		ses that may be transferr	red based on Department of Defense supported prior TES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):		
	Number:	Unit Type:			
	olished Transfer Policies tary/veteran credit transfer policies	published on your	Yes		
If yes, pleas	e provide the URL where the policy	can be located:	https://www.unlv.edu/registrar/student- resources/military-transcripts		

D22: Unique Transfer Policies

Please describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to yo	our institution:
	https://catalog.unlv.edu/content.php?catoid
	<u>=32&navoid=8270#Cr</u>
	ed_Eval_Poli

END OF SECTION D

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options

Please identify the programs available at your institution	n. Refer to the glossary for	definitions. Select all that apply.
☐ Accelerated program		☑ Honors program
 Comprehensive transition and postsecondary pro students with intellectual disabilities 	ogram for	☑ Independent study
☑ Cross-registration		☑ Internships
☑ Distance learning		☑ Liberal arts/career combination
☑ Double major		☑ Student-designed major
☑ Dual enrollment		☑ Study abroad
\square English as a Second Language (ESL)		☑ Teacher certification program
☑ Exchange student program (domestic)		☑ Undergraduate Research
☑ External degree program		☐ Weekend college
		□ Other
	If other please specify	
E2. Removed from the CDS.		
E3. Required Coursework for Graduation Please indicate the areas in which all, or most, students Select all that apply.		some course work prior to graduation:
☑ Arts / fine arts	☑ Intensive Writing	
☐ Computer literacy	☑ Mathematics	
☐ English (including composition)	☐ Philosophy	
☐ Foreign languages	☐ Physical Education	
☑ History	☑ Sciences (biological or	physical)
☑ Humanities	☑ Social Science	
	☐ Other	If "Other" selected, please specify below:

END OF SECTION E

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. First-time, first-year degree-seeking students and undergraduates enrolled

Please complete the table below with the percentages or average age of first-time, first-year degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2023 who fit into the following categories:

	First-time, First-year Students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/ non-residents from the numerator and denominator)		
Percent of men who join fraternities		
Percent of women who join sororities		
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing		
Percent who live off campus or commute		
Percent of students age 25 or older		
Average age of full-time students		
Average age of all students (full-time and part-time)		

F2. Activities Offered

Please identify all programs available at your institution.

☑ Campus Ministries	✓ Literary magazine	
☑ Choral groups	☑ Marching band	☑ Student newspaper
☑ Concert band	☑ Model UN	☑ Student-run film societ
☑ Dance	☑ Music ensembles	☑ Symphony orchestra
☑ Drama/theater	☑ Opera	☑ Television station
☑ International Student Organization	☑ Pep band	☑ Yearbook
☑ Jazz band	☑ Radio station	

F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps) select all that apply.

Army ROTC is offered: ☐ On Campus ☐ At cooperation	ng institution
If at cooperating institution, please list institution below:	_
Naval ROTC is offered: \Box Marine Option \Box On Campus	\square At cooperating institution
If at cooperating institution, please list institution below:	-
	J
Air Force ROTC is offered: $\ \ \boxdot$ On Campus $\ \ \Box$ At coo	perating institution
If at cooperating institution, please list institution below:	7
F4. Housing	_
Please check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated	housing available for undergraduates at your institution.
\square Apartments for married students	☐ Men's residence halls
☐ Apartments for single students	☑ Special housing for international students
☑ Coed residence halls	☑ Special housing for students with disabilities
\square Cooperative housing	☑ Theme housing
☐ Fraternity/sorority housing	☐ Women's residence halls
☐ Living Learning Communities	
☑ Other Housing Options	
If selected "Other Housing Options", please specify below:	
]

END OF SECTION F

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

	rice Calculator URL le the URL of your instititution's net price calculato	or:		
For the follow	wing sections, please provide 2024-2025 academicion.	c year costs of atter	ndance for the followin	g categories that are applicable to
	ution's 2024-2025 academic year costs of attendan nate date (i.e. MM/DD) when your institution's finds			
	Tuition and Fee Data Provided are:	Projections]	
□ 2024	-2025 academic costs not currently available	Approximate date	costs will be available:	
G1. Unde	rgraduate, full-time tuition, required f	ees, food and l	nousing	
	al tuition, required fees, and food and housing for a rs or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive an	_		
	demic year refers to the period of time generally ex aree quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-fo		mber to June; usually ed	quated to two semesters, two
✓ Required fees.)	housing is defined as double occupancy and 19 me fees include only charges that all full-time student	-	_	e.g., registration, health, or activity
✓ Do <i>not</i> in	clude optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).			
		First-Year	Undergraduate	- -
	PRIVATE INSTITUTION			
	Tuition:			
	PUBLIC INSTITUTION	40.054	***	
	Tuition: In-district	\$8,354	\$8,354	_
	Tuition: In-state (out-of-district):	\$8,354	\$8,354	=
	Tuition: Out-of-state:	\$25,310	\$25,310	_
	Tuitition: International (non-resident)	\$25,600	\$25,600	_
	FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS	CO42	¢700	_
	Required Fees: Food and Housing (on-campus):	\$943 \$12,072	\$788 \$12,072	-
	Housing Only (on-campus):	\$7,040	\$7,040	-
	Food Only (on-campus meal plan):	\$5,032	\$5,032	-
amounts), pl	or fee information:			

G2. Credits Per Term

Please enter the number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition:

Minimum number of credits:	12.0
Maximum number of credits:	

G3. Tuition and Fee Variance by Year of Study

Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g. sophomore, junior, senior)?

No

G4. Tuition and Fee Variance by Undergraduate Instructional Program

Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?

Yes

If yes, what percent of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

1.0%

G5. Estimated Expenses for Typical Full-Time Undergraduates

Please provide estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home
Books and supplies:	\$1,240	\$1,240	\$1,240
Housing only:			\$7,678
Food only:		\$2,516	\$5,800
Food and housing total*			\$13,478
Transportation:	\$1,260	\$2,832	\$2,832
Other expenses:	\$3,112	\$3,112	\$3,112

^{*}Only enter "Food and housing total" if your institution cannot provide separate food and housing figures for commuters not living at home.

G6. Undergraduate Per-Credit-Hour Charges (tuition only)

Please enter the undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only) in the applicable institution type and segment of students:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	
Per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$278.47
-state (out-of-district) students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$278.47
Out-of-state students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$843.67
International (non-resident) students, per-credit-hour charge (tuition only):	\$853.34

END OF SECTION G

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

1.Non-need institutional grants

2.Non-need tuition waivers

3.Non-need athletic awards 4.Non-need federal grants

5.Non-need state grants

6. Non-need outside grants

7. Non-need student loans

8. Non-need parent loans

9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

H1. Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.

- ✓ If the data being reported are final figures for the 2022-2023 academic year, use the 2022-2023 academic year's CDS Question B1 Cohort.
- ✓ Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
- ✓ Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column.
- ✓ For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.

Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:

2023-2024 Estimated

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institituion use in awarding institutional aid? (formerly CDS - H3)

Both FM and IM

H1. Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates		Need-Based (Include non-need based aid use to meet need).	Non-Need-Based (Exclude non-need- based aid use to meet need).
	Federal	\$58,154,596.49	\$27,057.74
	State - all states, not only the state in which your institution is located	\$15,865,314.84	\$564,814.16
Scholarships / Grants	Instititutional - Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	\$52,205,520.86	\$2,281,561.94
	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$7,029,399.24	\$1,407,592.20
	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$133,254,831.43	\$4,281,026.04
	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$79,122,540.31	\$15,674,913.31
	Federal Work-Study	\$40,486,330.46	
Self Help	State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: excludes Federal Work/Study captured above)	\$43,184.00	\$1,492,581.54
	Total Self-Help	\$119,652,054.77	\$17,167,494.85
	Parent Loans	\$3,615,327.64	\$5,468,928.36
MISC.	Tuition Waivers	\$11,221,359.03	\$6,046,381.97
	Athletic Awards	\$5,849,521.25	\$383,897.10

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid

List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source.

- ✓ Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.
- ✓ Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded dollars reported in H1.
- ✓ In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time, first-time, first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
- ✓ Do not include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	Full-Time, First-Time, First-Year	Full-Time Undergrad. (Include Freshman)	Less Than Full- Time Undergrad.
A. Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2023 cohort)	4486	19733	4398
B. Number of students in line (A) who applied for need-based financial aid	4102	16567 2767	
C. Number of students in line (B) who were determined to have financial need	3326	13795 2230	
D. Number of students in line (C) who were awarded any financial aid	3307	13571 2030	
E. Number of students in line (D) who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	2859	10874 1341	
F. Number of students in line (D) who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	2,927	12,460 1,956	
G. Number of students in line (D) who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	2,896	9,167	461
H. Number of students in line (D) who need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	392	1,525	369
I. On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).	67.1%	67.1%	59.5%
J. The average financial aid package of those in line (D). Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).	\$14,475.97	\$14,549.14 \$9,566.00	
K. Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line (E)	\$5,649.00	\$7,060.00	\$4,669.00
L. Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line (F)	\$5,606.00	\$6,840.00	\$6,499.00
M. Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line (F) who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,355.00	\$4,545.00	\$4,469.00

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-Need-Based Scholarships and Grants

List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid.

- ✓ Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.
- ✓ In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time, first-time, first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
- ✓ Do not include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	Full-Time, First-Time, First-Year	Full-Time Undergrad. (Include Freshman)	Less Than Full- Time Undergrad.
N. Number of students in line (A) who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	95	2,108	640
O. Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line (N)	4,469	4,119	2,244
P. Number of students in line (A) who were awarded an instutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	73	343	3
Q. Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line (P)	\$17,888.00	\$18,786.00	\$6,188.00

The graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and CDS H5 are listed below:

INCLUDE:

- ✓ 2023 undergraduate class = all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023.
- ✓ Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- ✓ Co-signed loans.

EXCLUDE:

- Students who transferred in.
- Money borrowed at other institutions.
- Parent loans.
- Students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- Any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

H4. 2023 Undergraduate Class

Provide the number of students in the 2023 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023. Exclude students who transferred into your institution.

H5. Number/Percent Borrowers and Average Borrowed Amount

Provide the number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed in the table below.

The "average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed" is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources.

The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specific for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (Row B) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (Row E) should only the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specific in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specific in the first column (nearest \$1)
A. Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	437	37%	\$23,634
B. Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	426	36%	\$19,034
C. Institutional loan program	0		
D. State loan programs	0		
E. Private student loans made by a bank or lender	61	5%	\$35,922

H6. Aid to Undergraduate Degree-Seeking Nonresidents

Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year as checked in item H1.

H1 Response: 2023-2024 Estimated

Indicate your instititution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and	grant aid for undergraduat	e degree-seeking nonresidents:
☑ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid	is available	
☑ Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant	aid is available	
\Box Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available	able	
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents who were aw need-based aid:	159	
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergrad nonresidents:	duate degree-seeking	\$12,067.00
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergradua nonresidents:	te degree-seeking	\$1,918,718.51
H7. Process for Nonresident First-Year Students Select all financial aid forms that nonresident first-year financial aid appli	cants must submit:	_
☐ Institution's own financial aid form		
☐ CSS Profile		
☐ Other; please specify.	Other:	
H8. Process for First-Year Students Select all financial aid forms domestic first-year financial aid applicants m	ust submit:	
☑ FAFSA	\square State aid form	
\square Institution's own financial aid form	☐ Business/Farm Supple	ement
☐ CSS Profile	☐ Other; please enter be	elow.
Othe	er:	
H9. Filing Dates for First-Year Students		
Does institution have a deadline for filing required financial aid forms for Select "no" if there is no deadline and applications are processed on a roll		Yes
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: (MM/DD)	11/15	
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: (MM/DD)	NA	

	ation Dates for First-Y date for only one response b			ents are notified on a certain da	ate or notified on a	rolling basis.
Students are notificed on or about (date): (MM/DD)						
Students are notified on a rolling basis starting (date): (MM/DD)			D)	Yes		
H11. Reply D	ates for First-Year St	udents				
Students must reply by (date): (MM/DD) or within (number) of weeks of notification: H12. Types of Aid Available - Loans Please select all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution		ion:	6.0			
	☑ Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans		☑ Federal Nursing Loans			
	☑ Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans			☐ State Loans		
	☑ Direct PLUS Loans			☐ College/University loans from institutional funds		
	☐ Federal Perkins Loans			☑ Other	N Please specify: H	Marion Smith Health Loan
	of Aid Available - Need sypes of aid available to unde		-			
	☑ Federal Pell		☑ College/U	lege/University scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds		
	☑ SEOG □		☐ United Ne	nited Negro College Fund		
	☑ State scholarship/grants		☐ Federal N	ursing Scholarship		
	✓ Private scholarships		☐ Other	Please specify:		
	Used in Awarding Inscriteria used in awarding nor			<u>id</u> :		
	☑ Academics	☐ Job skills		☑ Music/drama		
	☑ Alumni affiliation	\square ROTC		☐ Religious affiliation		
	☐ Art	☐ Leadership		☐ State/district residency		
	☑ Athletics	☐ Minority stat	tus			
	Used in Awarding Inscriteria used in awarding nee					
	☑ Academics	☐ Job skills		☐ Music/drama		
	☑ Alumni affiliation	\square ROTC		☐ Religious affiliation		
	☐ Art	☐ Leadership		☐ State/district residency		
	☐ Athletics	☐ Minority stat	us			

H15. Affordable Policies

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or iniative to make your institution more affordable to
incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level, please provide the details
below:

Notable initiatives include: Aid for the purchase of books of \$1000 per year, paid directly to high-need Nevada students who qualify. Expansion of institutional aid for summer courses to accelerate degree progression, expansion of need-based institutional grants for in- and out-of-state students who do not qualify for the Pell Grant.

END OF SECTION H

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I1. Instructional Faculty by Category

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2023. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-Time	Part-Time
A. Instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
B. Administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
C. Other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
D. Undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
E. Faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
F. Faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
G. Replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research).

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
A. Total number of instructional faculty	1,120	1,257	2,377
B. Total number who are members of minority groups	362	367	729
C. Total number who are women	486	716	1,202
D. Total number who are men	634	541	1,175
E. Total number who are international (non-residents)	50	40	90
F. Total number with docorate, or other terminal degrees	1,004	Unk	
G. Total number whose highest degree is a master's degree but not a terminal master's	94	Unk	
H. Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	17	Unk	
I. Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other	5	1,257	1,262
J. Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	81	76	157

NOTE: Rows F, G, H and I should equal row A.

I2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2023 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students.

Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2023 Student to Faculty Ratio: 18	to	1
Ratio is based on number of students:		
Ratio is based on number of faculty:		

13. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2023 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2023. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of class sections with undergraduates enrolled --Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	Class	
	Sections	
2 - 9	401	
10 - 19	589	
20 - 29	506	
30 - 39	179	
40 - 49	154	
50 - 59	185	
100 +	58	
Total	2072	

Class Sub-		
Sections		
81		
206		
254		
51		
25		
25		
8		
650		

END OF SECTION I

J. DISCIPLINARY AREAS of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023.

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and conservation				3
Architecture			1.5	4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			0.1	5
Communication/journalism			4.7	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			4.7	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education	47.1		7.4	13
Engineering			5.3	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.1	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			2.0	23
Liberal arts/general studies	23.5			24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			5.5	26
Mathematics and statistics			0.5	27
Military science and military technologies				28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			1.1	30
Parks and recreation			5.0	31
Philosophy and religious studies			0.7	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			1.5	40
Science technologies			0.1	41
Psychology			9.3	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting,			6.2	43
and protective services			2.7	
Public administration and social services			2.7	44
Social sciences			6.3	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving	20.1		6.0	49
Visual and performing arts	29.4		6.3	50
Health professions and related programs			6.7	51
Business/marketing			21.8	52
History			0.7	54
Other				

COMMON DATA SET DEFINITIONS

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

Additional guidance for some terms, particularly those common with the IPEDS survey, may be found here:

https://surveys.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/public/glossary

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Comprehensive transition and postsecondary program for students with intellectual disabilities: Programs designed to support postsecondary students with intellectual disabilities obtain instruction in academic, career and technical, and independent living subjects in preparation for employment.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share food and housing expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

*New student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Living learning community: Residential programs that allow students to interact with students who share common interests. In addition to living together, students may also participate in shared courses, special events, and group service projects.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

Permanent Resident or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident status (and who holds either a registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements:

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Developmental services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Food and housing (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

Undergraduate Research: Opportunities offered to undergraduate students to make original contributions in an academic discipline via the exploration of a specific research topic. Research opportunities may or may not be associated with a specific course or earn credit.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

FINANCIAL AID DEFINITIONS

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants
- 5. Non-need state grants
- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.